

ಸಂಸದೀಯ ವ್ಯವಹಾರಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಶಾಸನ ರಚನೆ ಸಚಿವಾಲಯ

ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ

(ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪತ್ರ ದಿನಾಂಕ: ಸೆಪ್ಟೆಂಬರ್ 20, 2012 ಭಾಗ-4 ಪುಟಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:207-208)

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ಸಂವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನ 31 ಕೇಶಾಪ್ರ 2012, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು, ದಿನಾಂಕ: 31ನೇ ಜುಲೈ, 2012.

2012ನೇ ಸಾಲಿನ ಜೂನ್ 8ನೇ ದಿನಾಂಕದ ಭಾರತ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗೆಜೆಟ್‌ನ ವಿಶೇಷ ಸಂಚಿಕೆಯ ಭಾಗ-II ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್ 1 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟವಾದ ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡ The Anand Marriage (Amendment) Act, 2012 (No. 29 of 2012) ಅನ್ನು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮರು ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

**MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE**  
**(Legislative Department)**

New Delhi, 8th, June, 2012

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 7<sup>th</sup> June, 2012, and is hereby published for general information :-

**THE ANAND MARRIAGE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2012**  
**(No. 29 of 2012)**

[07<sup>TH</sup> June, 2012].

An Act further to amend the Anand Marriage Act, 1909

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Sixty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows :-

**1. Short title and commencement .-**(1) This Act may be called the Anand Marriage (Amendment) Act, 2012.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by Notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

**2. Amendment of section 2.-**In section 2 of the Anand Marriage Act, 1909(7 of 1909) (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), after the words ``the Sikh Marriage ceremony called Anand'', the words ``(Commonly known as Anand Karaj)'' shall be inserted.

**3. Insertion of new section 6.-**After section 5 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :-

**“6.Registration of marriages.-**(1) For the purposes of facilitation of proof of marriage ceremony (commonly known as Anand Karaj) customary among the Sikhs, the State Government shall, without prejudice to anything contained in the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 (25 of 1955) or any other law for the time being in force, make rules providing that the parties to any such marriage [whether solemnized before or after the commencement of the An and Marriage (Amendment) Act, 2012], may have the particulars relating to their marriage entered, in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be provided in the said rules, in a Marriage Register kept by such officer of the State Government or of a local authority authorized by the State Government, by notification in the Official Gazette, in this behalf.

(2) The Marriage Register shall, at all reasonable times, be open for inspection, and shall be admissible as evidence of the statements contained therein and certified extracts there from shall, on

an application, be given by the Registrar to the parties to the marriage on payment of such fees as may be provided in the rules.

(3) Notwithstanding any thing contained in this section, the validity of any Anand Marriage solemnized shall in no way be affected by the omission to make an entry in the marriage Register.

(4) Every rule made by the State Government under this section shall be laid before the State Legislature, as soon as may be, after they are made.

(5) The parties to the marriage, whose marriage has been registered under this Act, shall not be required to get their marriage registered under any other law for the time being in force (including State Act).”.

**V. K. BHASIN,**

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪಾಲರ ಆದೇಶಾನುಸಾರ ಮತ್ತು ಅವರ ಹೆಸರಿನಲ್ಲಿ,

ಆರ್. ಆಂಜಿನಿ,

ಸಹಾಯಕ ಪ್ರಾರೋಪಕಾರ ಮತ್ತು ಪದನಿಮಿತ್ತ

ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಉಪ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ,

ಸಂಸದೀಯ ವ್ಯವಹಾರಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಶಾಸನ ರಚನೆ ಇಲಾಖೆ.